

The United States and Louisiana: The Early Republic through Reconstruction (7)

Chapter 7: A Growing Young Nation Section 3: Louisiana's Territorial Period

Guided Reading

Instructions: Read the section and complete each item with words from the passages in this section.

President Thomas Jefferson asked three people to take the job of 1.

governing Louisiana before ______ agreed. He was not an ideal choice because he spoke no ______ or _____ and could not communicate with most of the people who lived there. He was a convenient choice, however, because he was in charge of the _____ Territory at the time.

2. Claiborne's co-commissioner and ______ commander was General James ______, who was also a less-than-ideal choice because he had been a secret agent for the ______ since 1787.

Jefferson ordered Claiborne to make changes _____, but 3. because the territory was basically a colony, he had essentially _____ powers. The goal was to incorporate ______ into the United States as soon as possible.

4. In 1804, ______ divided the lands into two administrative units: the Territory of ______, governed by ______(last name), and the Territory of ______.

5. Claiborne divided the Territory of ______ into _____ into _____, but the representatives to the territory's legislature who had lived in Louisiana long before the changes took place changed the name back to ______ and as a result, Louisiana is the only state with these types of divisions.

6. Those who wanted to run from the law or take part in a form of adventure called ______ looked to ______ for

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	unities. One such person was form	-
	Both Thomas	
	worked against him to	
	s. He blamed w	
	of New York and chall	enged him to a,
which h	his opponent accepted.	
7	is between	people usually fought to settle disputes
in front	t of witnesses. It was a way for	to settle disputes
involvi	ng their, thoug	h it was already becoming less
accepta	able at the time. It was already ou	tlawed in
	and	, but the latter did
not enf	force the law as much as the other	•
8. Tł	he two crossed the river into	and
	shot	_, who died the next day. Murder
charges	s were filed in both states, but ne	ither came to and
	finished his term as vi	
9	had plans to take	e over
	and strip the city of its	s and then invade
	where he would estable	lish himself the ruler. Originally.
	planned with him, but	
preside	▲ · · · · ·	of conspiracy charges but his
	al reputation was ruined. He went	
-	L	nited States in
10. T	here was unrest in the area know	mac
10. 1		ause although the territory was
ownod	by the region y	ause annough the territory was
cooli	ng migrants who wanted to join the	was dominated by
speakii	ng migrants who wanted to join th	

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, S	o they staged a	again	st their leaders.		
They declared them	selves an independer	nt	and called		
themselves the	of		and		
adopted a	of Their indep	endence lasted for	r		
m	onths, when Governo	or	declared it part		
of the Territory of	and	they were incorpo	orated into the		
United States in	·•				
situation, particular u	, wl 's population, presen ly when he realized th nits. They asked to be officers in charge o	hey had made up t e retained, but Clai	two local		
12. Claiborne over	saw a new		in 1806,		
which allowed for	, but	did not allow peop	ple to		
th	emselves, which had	been available to	them during		
ru	ıle. This made it almo	ost	to be freed		
without the approva	l of the	Enslaved pe	ople were		
forbidden to registe	r a	against their ensla	aver and if they		
	public crime, they w				
13 By 1808 it was	sillegal to	enslaved n	eople from		
13. By 1808, it was illegal to enslaved people from outside the United States, which led to a rise in the slave					
in the	ole were brought from	locations such a	s New Orleans		
14. Refugees from		w]	ho had settled in		
W	 ere exiled and decide	d to settle in	•		
Governor Claiborne	allowed the nearly $_$	re	efugees to come		

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to the ter	rritory. One third were	_ people, one third were		
people of	f, and another third we	ere		
people. This wave of immigration nearly doubled the size of				

15. The uprising of ______ people in _____ killed ______ of people. Although they had just witnessed the horrors of the revolt, some people feared the would encourage similar violence in Louisiana.

16. Though there is no clear connection between the two events, the

17. This revolt was led by a man named _____, who led others to take control of the plantation of _______, who here outers was believed to have many ______. When they realized he did not, they began their approach toward _______ with only _______ as weapons. As they approached, they convinced other people to join them. There were between ______to ______enslaved people.

18. They were no match for the local ______ and forces that surrounded them after _____ days. Many rebels were killed and others were taken to _____ ______ for trial. ______ of those who went to trial were hanged. Although they were defeated, the ______ of people involved made it a very important historical event.