

GUIDED READING

Oklahoma: Land of Opportunity

Chapter 17: Oklahoma Roundup

Section 1 The 1980s

Directions: Use the information from pages 436 - 439 to complete the following.

1. Former _____ led the United States as _____ for much of the decade of the 1980s.
2. The _____ president's conservative agenda included reviving the _____ and fighting _____.
3. _____ in the Soviet Union led to the end of the _____ in 1991.
4. _____ of Duncan served as Reagan's _____ advisor in his 1980 presidential campaign.
5. Later, she served as U.S. ambassador to the _____ for four years.
6. Oklahoman William J. _____, Jr. was also influential during and following the Reagan administration.
7. In 1985, he served as Chairman of the _____ for President Reagan, a position he also held through the administration of George H. W. Bush.
8. In Oklahoma, the 1980s opened with a flourishing _____ business, an investigation of county commissioners, and the approval of _____ betting at horse _____.
9. Democrat _____ of McAlester was elected _____ in 1978, succeeding Governor David _____, who was elected to the U.S. _____.

Name _____ Class _____ Date _____

10. Oklahoma's county-level _____ consists of _____ commissioners who oversee the operations for each of the _____ - _____ counties, along with a tax assessor, clerk, court clerk, _____ and _____.
11. In 1980, the _____ received a tip and began investigating a _____ (a bribe or illegal payment made to obtain business or help of some kind) scheme involving many county commissioners, contractors, and suppliers.
12. Certain _____ and _____ provided _____ invoices in return for kickbacks.
13. By 1982, about 280 vendors and commissioners, including some 40 in Texas, were _____ of _____ in what was called the " _____ " _____.
14. The state's _____ continued to rely heavily on the _____ business, in spite of its many boom-bust cycles.
15. The _____ oil market of the 1970s peaked in the early 1980s and then went _____, which caused a sharp decline in Oklahoma's economy.
16. Unemployment _____, some businesses went _____, and state government had less _____.
17. In 1981, there were _____ oil refineries in the nation.
18. The _____ of refining oil didn't justify the expense of _____ needed to comply with tougher _____ regulations.
19. In September 1982, Oklahoma _____ approved pari-mutuel _____ on horse races to encourage the state's _____ industry and to generate public _____.
20. Oklahoma's small, rural _____ suffered from the hard times being experienced by the agriculture and oil _____.
21. _____ businesses in many towns _____; in some cases, even _____ stores went out of business.

Name _____ Class _____ Date _____

22. Some towns have found new life with the help of the _____
_____ Program of the National Trust for Historic Preservation.
23. The program helps communities _____ their downtown or
historic areas.
24. _____ and _____ were also on the agenda for the
1980s.
25. Oklahoma celebrated its _____ birthday in 1982 with many events during
the _____ Jubilee celebration.

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Section 2 The 1990s

Directions: Use the information from pages 440 - 446 to complete the following.

1. As the Cold War was ending in the early 1990s, a new _____ was unfolding in the _____.
2. _____ invaded the small oil-rich nation of _____ in August 1990.
3. Five days later, President _____ announced _____.
4. U.S. troops were _____ to Saudi Arabia, and reservists were called up for _____ duty.
5. The United Nations imposed economic _____ against Iraq, but Iraq's leader, _____, ignored a peaceful resolution.
6. On January 17, 1991, the United Nations, led by the United States, launched an _____ campaign against targets in _____, Iraq's capital.
7. On February 24, _____ forces began a ground assault that defeated the Iraqi troops and _____ Kuwait.
8. Henry _____ had been elected as Oklahoma's first Republican _____ in 1963.
9. Bellmon's administration worked for _____ development and to improve _____, particularly with the passage of House Bill 1017.
10. The Priority Academic Student Skills (_____), created in H. B. 1017, identified the _____ levels for Oklahoma students.
11. Sandy _____ became the first woman to serve as _____ [schools] in Oklahoma in 1991.

Name _____ Class _____ Date _____

12. Under her [Garrett] administration, Oklahoma's _____ programs were recognized nationally, _____ standards were increased, and _____ was updated.
13. As residents of cities across America moved to the _____, many downtown businesses moved with them, creating _____ (the unplanned, uncontrolled spread of urban development into areas on the edge of a city).
14. _____, one of the five _____ cities in the country in terms of geographic area and the twenty-ninth largest in _____, was no different.
15. Under the leadership of Mayor Ronald _____, Oklahoma City voters approved a temporary _____ - _____ sales _____ increase in 1993 to fund _____ improvement program called _____ (Metropolitan Area Projects).
16. The MAPS program had barely begun when _____ and the _____ were changed forever on April 19, 1995.
17. In an instant – at 9:02 a.m. — an _____ was heard and felt for miles around downtown _____.
18. A rented truck, rigged with a powerful fertilizer _____, exploded outside the _____ Federal Building.
19. The nation was stunned at the attack on what came to be called “_____” of America, and the national media descended on Oklahoma City.
20. After days of frantic searching the _____ of the Murrah Building, the _____ toll reached 168, including 19 _____ and 1 rescue worker.
21. After lengthy _____, three men were convicted for the bombing.
22. _____, the mastermind, was _____ in 2001.
23. His _____, Terry _____, was sentenced to life in prison in 2004.
24. Another accomplice, Michael _____, served eight years in prison for not _____ authorities about the bombing plan.

Name _____ Class _____ Date _____

25. Following the Oklahoma City bombing, _____ measurers were increased at many federal, state, and local _____ facilities across the nation.
26. The largest _____ outbreak ever recorded in Oklahoma occurred on May 3, _____.
27. _____ - _____ people were killed and almost eight _____ were injured by the destructive storms.
28. Three _____ buildings — houses, businesses, schools, and churches — were _____, and almost _____ thousand were damaged.
29. Modern _____ technology provided an early _____ system, which undoubtedly _____ hundreds of lives and thousands of injuries.

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Section 3 Contemporary Oklahoma

Directions: Use the information from pages 448 - 457 to complete the following.

1. Oklahoma and the world braced for the unknown when the year 1999 gave way to _____, often referred to as _____.
2. Many people feared that _____ programs would operate _____ since they were programmed to interpret only the last two digits of a _____-digit year.
3. Some people _____ food and water, assuming that a major computer disruption would cause a _____ of the items.
4. Just as the Oklahoma City _____ had affected the rest of the nation and the world, another horrific _____ act on September 11, 2001 (referred to as _____) shook the nation.
5. In planned, coordinated attacks, _____ hijacked _____ crashed into the _____ twin towers in _____.
6. A third plane crashed into the _____ near Washington, D.C., and a fourth plane, apparently headed for another _____ government target, crashed into a field in _____ after passengers _____ stopped the attack.
7. Following the September 11 attacks, the United States declared a _____ on terrorism to bring to justice the people responsible for the attacks and to _____ other terrorist networks from emerging.
8. (_____ is acts of violence aimed at demoralizing or intimidating others.)
9. The attacks led to a resurgence of _____ across the country.
10. Investigations revealed that _____ - _____ (an extremist group of Islamist terrorists led by _____) were responsible for the attacks.

Name _____ Class _____ Date _____

11. In October _____, international forces led by the _____
_____ pursued the terrorists in _____, a
country controlled by the _____ government, which was known
to harbor the al-Qaida.
12. General Tommy R. _____ led the U.S. attack in Afghanistan, called

_____.
13. Fast-paced _____ advancements affect all aspects
of our lives.
14. The Oklahoma Center for the Advancement of Science and Technology focuses on
the _____, _____,
_____, and _____ of technology
on our state's economy.
15. Nanotechnology courses and programs offered at several universities help keep
Oklahomans on the cutting edge of _____.
16. _____ involves the manipulation of atoms and molecules
to create new _____, _____, and
_____.
17. Well before statehood, there was a strong _____ presence on
the land that became Oklahoma.
18. Of the early-day forts on the South Plains, only _____
_____ remains as an active military installation.
19. In addition to Fort Sill, Oklahoma has _____ other military installations
— Tinker _____ Base at Midwest City, _____
Air Force Base at Enid, Altus _____ Base, and the
McAlester Army _____ Plant.
20. Tinker Air Force Base is Oklahoma's _____ single-site employer.
21. The Oklahoma _____
_____ also makes a significant economic impact.
22. The Mike Monroney _____ Center in Oklahoma City is a major
complex within the Federal Aviation Administration.
23. The Aeronautical Center is home to the _____ number of U.S.
Department of _____ employees outside the Washington,
D.C., area.

Name _____ Class _____ Date _____

24. Centrally located Oklahoma is also home to the U.S. _____
_____ Institute.
25. The institute is the _____ center for all Coast
Guard personnel.
26. The _____ and _____ industry in
Oklahoma includes the federal government and military aviation, plus
_____ air transportation and _____
manufacturing.
27. A new _____ venture is “ _____ ” in
western Oklahoma.
28. The nation’s _____ longest _____ at the former
Clinton-Sherman Air Force Base near Burns Flat was identified as ideal for a
_____.
29. While Oklahoma’s economy is more diversified, the state’s _____
are still vital.
30. New technology allows drilling at _____ and
_____ that used to be unreachable.
31. Oklahoma’s known oil and gas _____ (supplies that are
known, but not yet produced) continue to be relatively _____,
as do coal reserves.
32. New technology is helping the United States _____ the need for oil
_____.
33. Huge _____ turbines provide one power alternative.
34. The Oklahoma Renewable Energy Council is one group of people, companies,
organizations, and agencies that work to develop our state’s _____
_____ resources, such as wind, solar, _____
(renewable plant materials and animal waste), geothermal, and hydroelectric power.
35. _____ continues to be important to Oklahoma.
36. The 2007 U.S. Department of Agriculture census found that for the first time in many
years the number of _____ had
_____ by four percent, and there was a decrease in the number of
corporate farms in Oklahoma.

Name _____ Class _____ Date _____

37. The popularity of _____ has created a _____ and _____ business, and _____ production continues to grow as demand increases.
38. Oklahoma's _____ and _____ are proving to be ideal for growing _____, and the grape and wine industry has quickly grown from three wineries in 2000 to over 20 in 2012..
39. The _____ industry affects both rural and urban areas in all parts of the state.
40. Some horses are used for pleasure _____ and _____, but most of the almost three hundred thousand horses in Oklahoma are part of _____, _____ and _____ activities.
41. The _____ in Oklahoma often captures the spotlight, and recent years have been no exception.
42. The year of 2011 had more _____ events than ever.
43. A life-changing _____ and _____ shattered more records.
44. With _____, we saw the second-highest total number since 1950.
45. Oklahomans celebrated _____ of _____ on November 16, 2007.

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Section 4 Oklahoma's People

Directions: Use the information from pages 458 - 461 to complete the following.

1. While leaders and people who make the _____ are essential to our state, it is the people _____ the scenes and those who do not make the _____ who provide the _____.
2. The _____ ethic of Oklahomans and our state's _____ location are often cited as reasons _____ relocate here.
3. _____ wasn't the first woman ever to head an American Indian Tribe, but she was the first _____ in modern _____ to lead one of the largest tribes.
4. Oklahoma's _____ is as varied as the state's terrain.
5. From _____ and _____ to modern pop and _____, Oklahomans excel.
6. Oklahomans often demonstrate their _____, by both aiding others in their time of _____ and by _____ donations.