ame	Class Date
SUID	ED READING
	oma: Our History Our Home 19: Oklahoma Government
	1 State Government use the information from pages 494 - 503 to complete the following.
1.	Oklahoma officially became the in the United States on November 16,, making it one of the states in the Union.
2.	The state still operates under the original adopted at statehood, with over 175 amendments.
3.	The Oklahoma constitution states that all power in the stat is "inherent in the; and government is instituted for their,, and
	, and, and, and, and, and to promote their general; are they have the to alter or reform the same whenever the public good may require it: Provided, such change be not repugnant to the Constitution of the United States."
4.	Oklahoma's branch consists of the following state officials
	governor, of state, state and inspector,
	general, state, superintender of public instruction, commissioner of labor, commissioner of insurance, and any others provided by law.
5.	The of each official is outlined in the Oklahoma constitution.
6.	Persons who are years of age or older and who have been citizens in Oklahoma for at least ten years are eligible to hold office in the branch.
7.	Elected officials assume office the second Monday of following the election.
8.	Elected officials in the executive branch may themselves office; however, no person can be elected for more the consecutive terms.

9. Oklahoma's serves as the chief session, the governor preser the recommendations and reports on the overall condition the state. 11. (A is a plan for receiving and spending money.) 12. The governor is also part of the proces 13. Every passed by the during the resession and prior to adjournment must be presented to the governor before it law. 14. The governor can either the bill into law or it approve or sign into law). 15. The position of fithe United States, serving in place of the governor when the chief executive leaves the state becomes incapacitated, or resigns. 16. Unlike the and vice president of the United State the and ieutenant governor are elected on separal and conduct individual campaigns. 17. This means that the governor and the lieutenant governor may be members of and conduct individual campaigns. 18. The Oklahoma state ensures that all the public's money is properly accounted for once it has been collected or distributed. 19. The state and reviews Oklahoma government activities to ensure they are operated effectively, efficier and legally. 20. The commissioner directs the Oklahoma Insurar Department, which is responsible for providing Oklahomans with service, protect education, and oversight in insurance and related industries. 21. The represents the legal into of the state and is the state's chief legal officer.		Class	Date
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	22.	student success through: se education reform; and regu	partment of Education, whose ervice to schools, parents and lation/deregulation of state and any barriers to student suc	l students; leadership for difederal laws to provide
	23.	those labor laws that promo	is respons ote fairness and equity in the vensation, state OSHA laws for child labor laws.	vorkforce, including state
	24.	The Oklahoma constitution power to the state	gives the state's	
	25.	The Legislature is bicamera	al and has a	_and
	26.	Currently there are of the senate.	members of the house	e and members
	27.		epresentatives must be must be	
	28.	The Legislature meets	starting at no	on on the first Monday in
	29.	Each house of the Legislatu	ure is	independently.
	30.	Theelected by members of the for the senate.	p	of the senate is arty and sets the agenda
	31.		of the house is elected by the party and sets the agenda for	
	32.	(propose and signed by the governor and effect of law when they	use consider sed laws) that can become law ; resoluti are passed by both houses,(laws); th houses; and of origin.	v if passed by both houses fons, which have the force but which may not become

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33. Only of the house or senate can legislation during the legislative session.		
	. If the bill is approved by houses, it is sent to the governor into	to
35.	. Much of the work of the Legislature is completed by the various	
36.	. Many of the committees – called	
37.	Other committees are established for tasks and last only long as they are needed.	y a
38.	. These include the committee, which is appointed the house and senate pass different versions of the same bill.	v k
39.	. A committee is made up of members from both hous who cooperatively on an assigned topic or issue.	se:
40.	. The system of every state revolves around its system.	
41.	. In Oklahoma, this system is made up of the court, the of appeals, the court of app and the court.	ea
42.	. Unlike most states, Oklahoma has courts that make the final determination in cases, meaning they are the courts of	
43.	law cases involve investigating prosecuting defendants, and holding perpetrators accountable for their actions	 S.
44.	. Common criminal law issues include driving under the, and rape	 Э.
45.	law cases generally involve situations where people harmed and some kind of award can help resthe problem.	na sol
46.	. Examples of civil law cases include, disputes over ownership, and disagreements over the terms of	

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47.	The Oklahoma Cour federal constitutions when making a decision of	rt interprets both the state and n civil matters.
48.	In criminal cases, the court ofdetermination.	appeals makes the final
49.	When there is a question about the jurisdiction court which cou	
50.	Its decision is final and cannot be	·
51.	(To means to take rehearing.)	e a case to a higher court for
52.	In addition, the Oklahoma Supreme Court overs	sees the state's entire
53.	One of the most ta is working with the federal judicial system to an court cases for which there is Ok	
54.	The court of appeals hears Oklahoma.	s the majority of civil cases in
55.	The first contact most Oklahomans have with the courts.	ne state's judicial branch is through