

Chapter 4: The Geography and History of Europe**Section 2: Europe's Expanding Influence****Section 2: Empires of Europe**

Directions: For each question, write the letter of the BEST response on the line beside each question.

- _____ 1. Different popes sent military expeditions to recapture many important religious lands.
- Conquests
 - Conquistas
 - Crusades
 - Invasions
- _____ 2. The Crusades were fought between Christianity and followers of which religion?
- Islam
 - Judaism
 - Hinduism
 - Buddhism
- _____ 3. How did the Crusades benefit Western European countries financially?
- They brought back gold and silver from the mines.
 - Expanded trade routes to the Far East brought new products.
 - There was no financial gain; in reality, it was financially destructive.
 - Every Crusade resulted in an influx of wealthy immigrants to Europe.
- _____ 4. The Scientific Revolution, the Renaissance, and the Crusades eventually led to
- the Age of Conquest.
 - the Age of Destruction.
 - the Age of Exploration.
 - the Age of Imperialism.
- _____ 5. Which three countries had colonies in the "New World"?
- England, France, and Germany
 - France, Holland, and Portugal
 - Germany, Holland, and Spain
 - England, France, and Spain
- _____ 6. Which political leader was not an explorer but the leader of the Age of Exploration?
- Prince Henry of England
 - Prince Henry of Portugal
 - Prince Henry of Spain
 - Prince Henry of Russia

Continued on next page.



Directions: Complete the chart below, then answer the questions below.

Empire	Five Facts	Significant People	Significant Dates	Colonized Lands
Empire of Portugal				
Empire of Spain				
Empire of Great Britain				
Empire of France				

7. Explain the importance of Spain to Latin America and the Caribbean because of conquests.

8. Explain the financial and religious motivations for explorers and conquerors (conquistadors).

